# Item Response Theory for NLP

EACL2024 Tutorial, 21st March 2024

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https://eacl2024irt.github.io/

# Item Response Theory for NLP

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Part 1. Evaluation for NLP

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https://joaosedoc.com

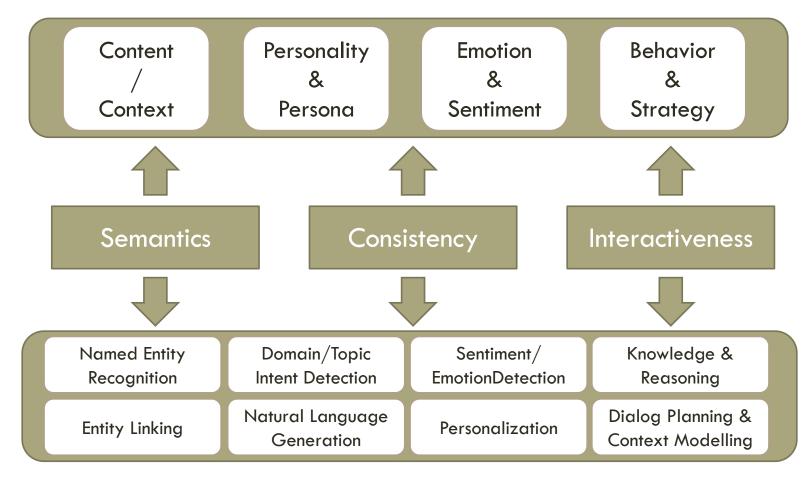
## What Do We Evaluate in NLP?

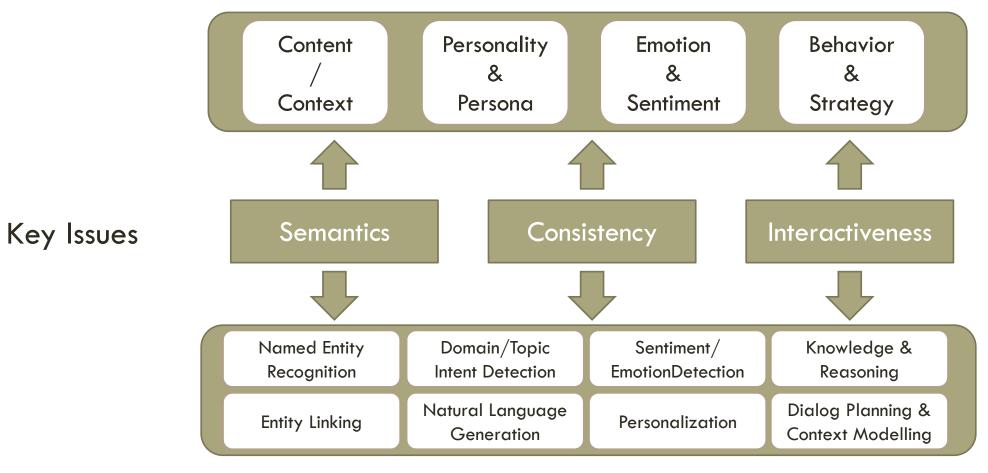
### EVALUATIONS ARE AT SEVERAL LEVELS

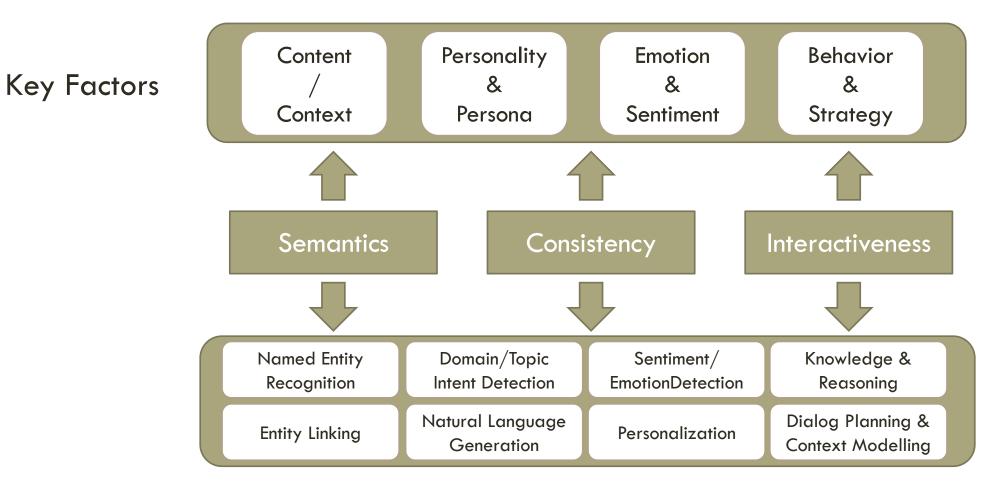
- 1) System-level evaluations
  - This is probably the most common evaluation type (MT, Dialog, NLI, etc...)
- 2) Machine learning method evaluations
  - E.g., LSTM vs Transformer
- 3) Metrics
  - E.g., BLEU, BERTScore, etc
- 4) Annotations
  - Annotation error estimates
- 5) Data
  - Quality, domain similarity, toxicity

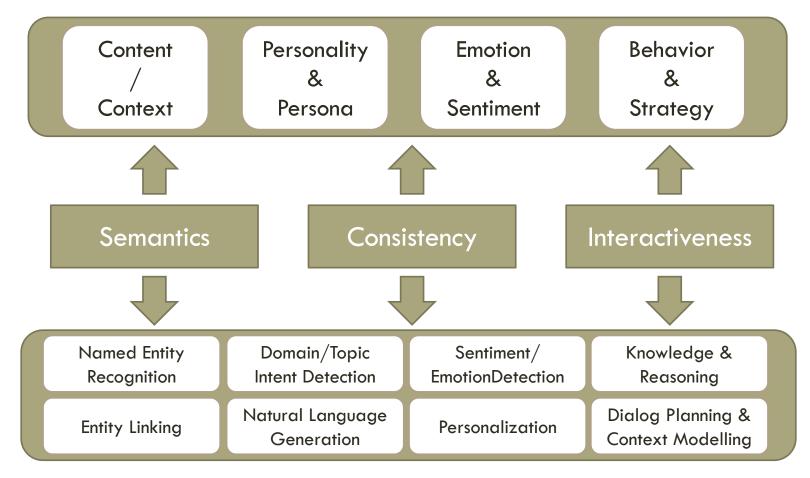
### SYSTEM EVALUATIONS

- 1. Extrinsic task based evaluation
- 2. Intrinsic evaluation
- 3. Human evaluation
- 4. Automatic metric evaluation
- 5. A/B testing
- 6. Error analysis









**Technologies** 

Key

### COMMON TASK FRAMEWORK & LEADERBOARDS

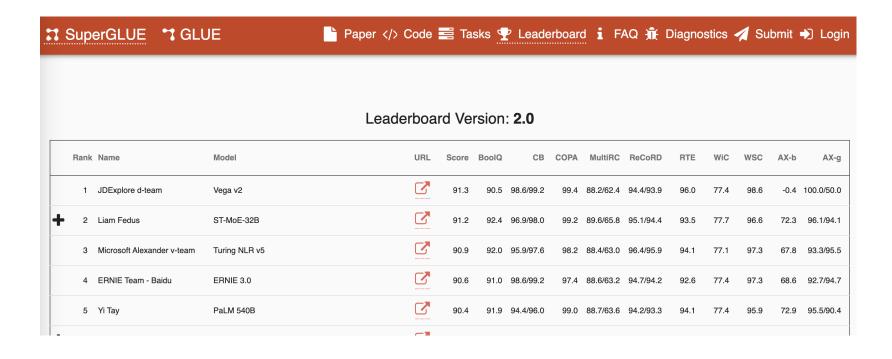
There is general agreement that these competitive evaluations had a striking and beneficial effect on the performance of various systems tested over the years. However, it is also recognized (albeit less generally) that these evaluation experiments also had the, less beneficial, effect that the participating systems focused increasingly more narrowly on those few parameters that were measured in the evaluation, to the detriment of more general properties.

- Schwitter et al. 2000

Focusing on headline state-of-the-art numbers "provide(s) limited value for scientific progress absent insight into what drives them" and where they fail.

- Lipton and Steinhardt, 2019

### LOTS OF LEADERBOARDS



### LOTS OF LEADERBOARDS

### SQuAD2.0

The Stanford Question Answering Dataset

Mar 12, 2020

#### What is SQuAD?

Stanford Question Answering Dataset (SQuAD) is a reading comprehension dataset, consisting of questions posed by crowdworkers on a set of Wikipedia articles, where the answer to every question is a segment of text, or span, from the corresponding reading passage, or the question might be unanswerable.

SQuAD2.0 combines the 100.000 questions in SQuAD1.1 with over 50,000 unanswerable questions written adversarially by crowdworkers to look similar to answerable ones. To do well on SQuAD2.0, systems must not only answer questions when possible, but also determine when no answer is supported by the paragraph and abstain from answering.

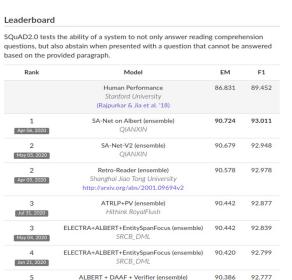
Explore SQuAD2.0 and model predictions

SQuAD2.0 paper (Rajpurkar & Jia et al. '18)

**SQuAD 1.1**, the previous version of the SQuAD dataset, contains 100,000+ question-answer pairs on 500+ articles.

Explore SQuAD1.1 and model predictions

SQuAD1.0 paper (Rajpurkar et al. '16)

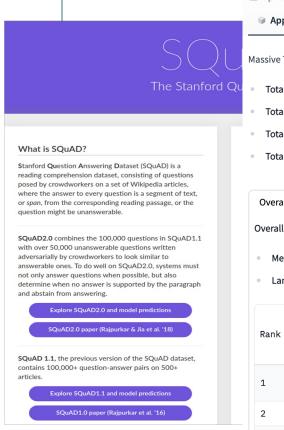


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2.0								
2.0								
СВ	COPA	MultiRC	ReCoRD	RTE	WiC	WSC	AX-b	AX-g
98.6/99.2	99.4	88.2/62.4	94.4/93.9	96.0	77.4	98.6	-0.4	100.0/50.0
96.9/98.0	99.2	89.6/65.8	95.1/94.4	93.5	77.7	96.6	72.3	96.1/94.1
95.9/97.6	98.2	88.4/63.0	96.4/95.9	94.1	77.1	97.3	67.8	93.3/95.5
98.6/99.2	97.4	88.6/63.2	94.7/94.2	92.6	77.4	97.3	68.6	92.7/94.7
94.4/96.0	99.0	88.7/63.6	94.2/93.3	94.1	77.4	95.9	72.9	95.5/90.4

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Files and versions Ocean Community 2 Massive Text Embedding Benchmark (MTEB) Leaderboard. To submit, refer to the MTEB GitHub repository 😕 Total Datasets: 56 Total Languages: 112 Total Scores: >2380 Total Models: 34 Overall Bitext Mining Classification Clustering Pair Classification Retrieval Reranking Summarization Overall MTEB English leaderboard 🧖 Metric: Various, refer to task tabs Languages: English, refer to task tabs for others Pair Reranking Retrieval STS Clustering Average Classification Classification Embedding Average Average Average Average Model (56 Average (12 (11 Average (3 (15 (10 Dimensions datasets) datasets) datasets) datasets) datasets) datasets) datasets) sentence-t5-768 59.51 73.42 43.72 85.06 56.42 42.24 82.63 gtr-t5-xxl 768 58.97 67.41 42.42 86.12 56.66 48.48 78.38 SGPT-5.8B-<u>weightedmean-</u> 3 58.81 68.13 40.34 82 56.56 50.25 78.1 msmarco-

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| Vote | Blog | GitHub | Paper | Dataset | Twitter | Discord |

LMSYS Chatbot Arena is a crowdsourced open platform for LLM evals. We've collected over 400,000 human preference votes to rank LLMs with the Elo ranking system.

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Explore SQuAD2.0 and model predictions

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Arena Elo Full Leaderboard

Total #models: 73. Total #votes: 408144. Last updated: March 13, 2024.

Contribute your vote at chat.lmsys.org! Find more analysis in the notebook.

Rank	Model	Arena Elo	95% CI	<b>⋄</b> Votes ▲	Organization A	License	Knowledge Cutoff
1	GPT-4-1106-preview	1251	+5/-4	48226	OpenAI	Proprietary	2023/4
1	GPT-4-0125-preview	1249	+5/-6	22282	OpenAI	Proprietary	2023/12
1	Claude 3 Opus	1247	+6/-6	14854	Anthropic	Proprietary	2023/8
4	Bard (Gemini Pro)	1202	+6/-7	12623	Google	Proprietary	Online
4	Claude 3 Sonnet	1190	+6/-6	14845	Anthropic	Proprietary	2023/8
5	GPT-4-0314	1185	+4/-6	27245	OpenAI	Proprietary	2021/9
7	GPT-4-0613	1159	+4/-5	43783	OpenAI	Proprietary	2021/9

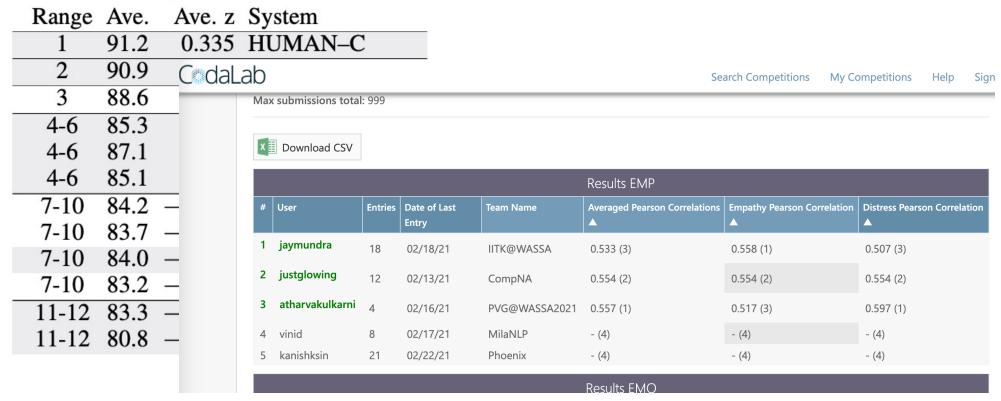
### SHARED TASKS

### $English{\rightarrow} Czech$

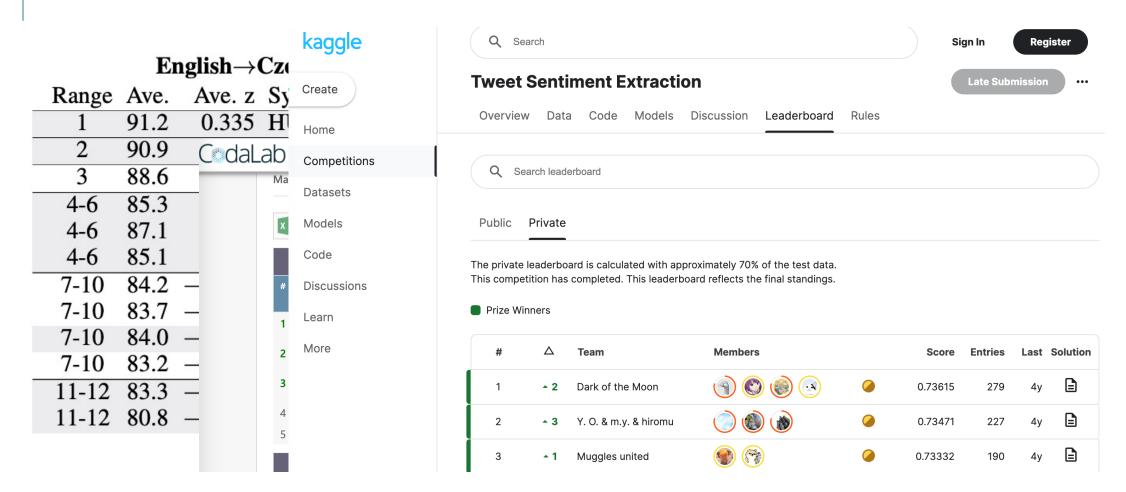
Ave.	Ave. z	System
91.2	0.335	HUMAN-C
90.9	0.279	Online-W
88.6	0.158	JDExploreAcad.
85.3	0.045	Online-B
87.1	0.041	Lan-Bridge
85.1	0.029	HUMAN-B
84.2	-0.059	CUNI-Bergamot
83.7	-0.074	CUNI-DocTransf.
84.0	-0.087	Online-A
83.2	-0.128	CUNI-Transf.
83.3	-0.258	Online-G
80.8	-0.310	Online-Y
	91.2 90.9 88.6 85.3 87.1 85.1 84.2 83.7 84.0 83.2	91.20.33590.90.27988.60.15885.30.04587.10.04185.10.02984.2-0.05983.7-0.07484.0-0.087

### SHARED TASKS

#### $English {\rightarrow} Czech$



### SHARED TASKS



### LEADERBOARDS CAN IMPROVE

- 1. Questions with the Right Difficulty
- 2. Discriminative Questions
- 3. Minimize Ambiguity, Maximize Fairness
- 4. Don't be Overly Definitive
- 5. Be Flexible and Introspective

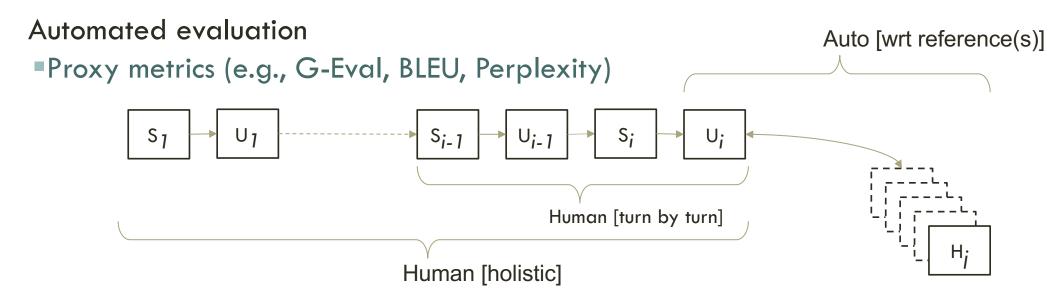
### METHODS FOR RANKING

- 1. Average score
- 2. Z-scored ratings
- 3. Preference ranking
  - Bradley-Terry-Leech
  - Elo rating system
  - Trueskill
  - Item Response Theory

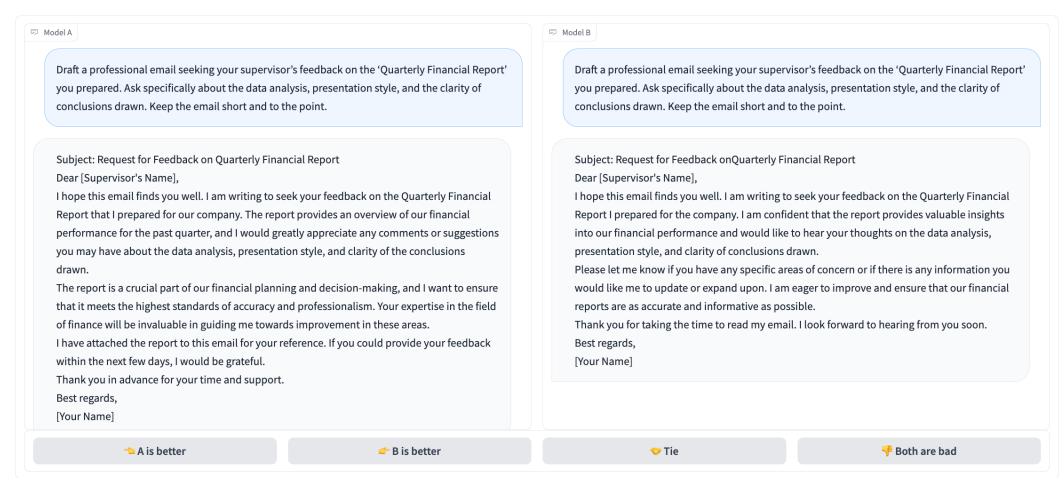
### HUMAN / AUTOMATIC METRICS

#### **Human evaluation**

- Expert judges (WOCHAT, Alexa)
- Crowd-sourced (non-expert) judgments (DBDC)



## A / B TESTING



### **ERROR ANALYSIS**

- 1. Categorize error types
- 2. Investigate sources
- 3. Identify possible explanations

# Annotations

### EVALUATION OF ANNOTATIONS

- 1. Inter-annotator agreement (IAA)
  - Cohen's Kappa
  - Krippendorff's alpha
  - Fleiss' Kappa

- 2. Accuracy, Precision/Recall/F-score
- 3. Consistency checks
- 4. Error Analysis

# Data

### UNDERLYING DATA ANALYSIS

- 1. Quality of the examples
- 2. Difficulty of data
- 3. Usefulness for evaluation
- 4. Error Analysis

# THANK YOU!

**JOAO SEDOC** 

<u>isedoc@</u>nyu.edu

### **NEXT UP**

Next Section: Introduction to IRT